

AUT 2015

I put a Laser on an AUV! Now How Do I Use the Data?



# Overview



# Overview

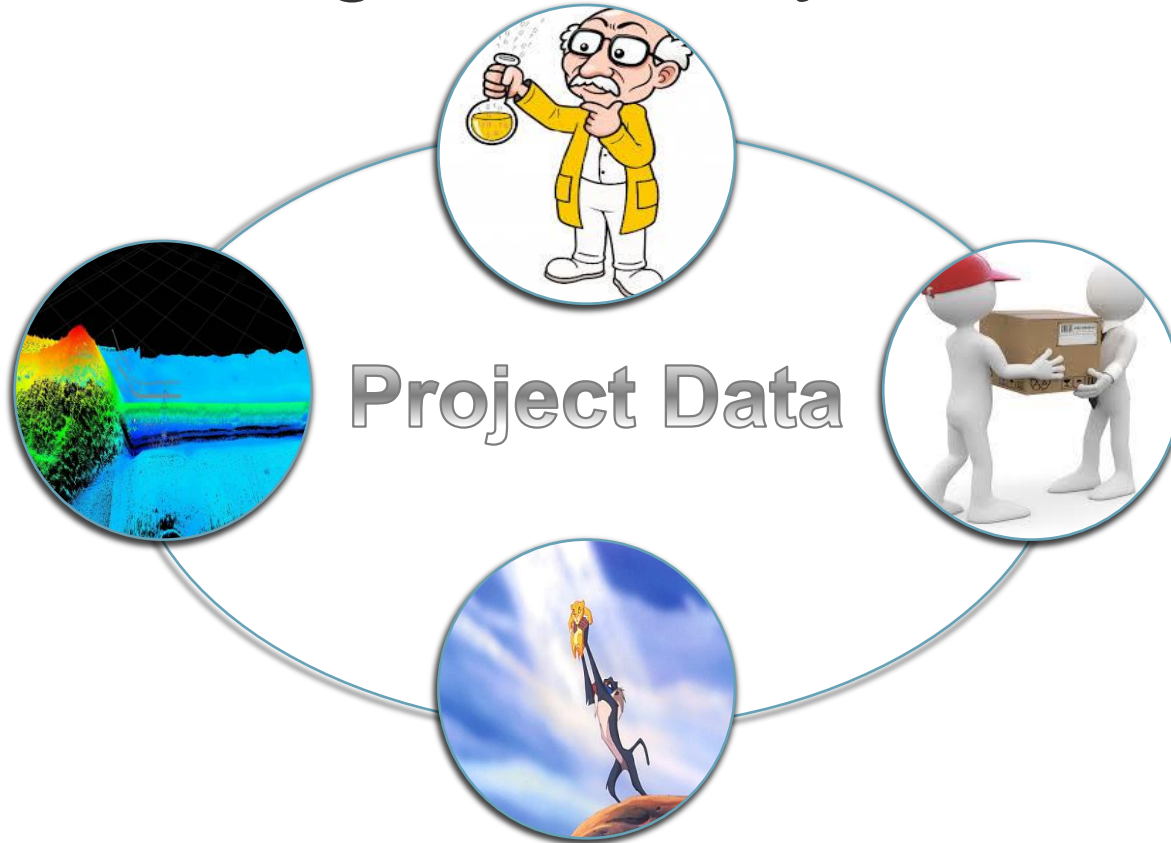
- Data Lifecycle
- Dealing with Data
- Wrap Up



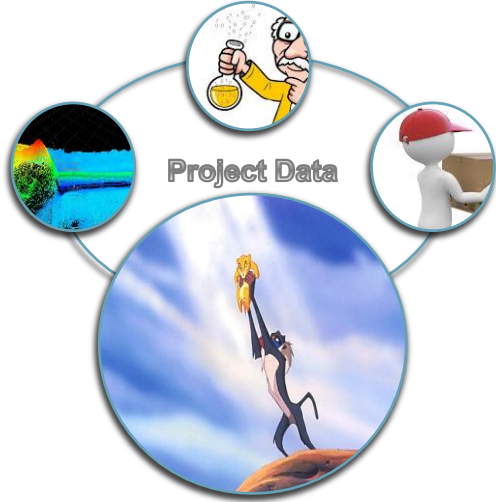
# Data Lifecycle



# Understanding the Lifecycle of Data

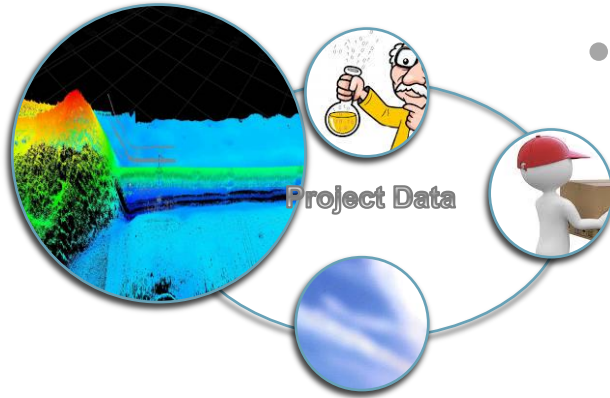


# Understanding the Lifecycle of Data



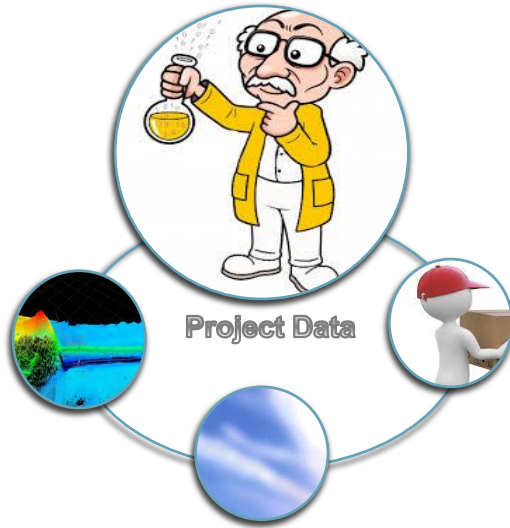
- Data Genesis Considerations
  - Technical Requirements of Platform
  - Storage Available on Platform
  - Sensor Data Format
  - Old Hat!

# Understanding the Lifecycle of Data



- Data Processing Considerations
  - Process For Cleaning
    - Storage Space
    - Adequate Software Tools
    - Efficient Workflow
  - Data Dependencies

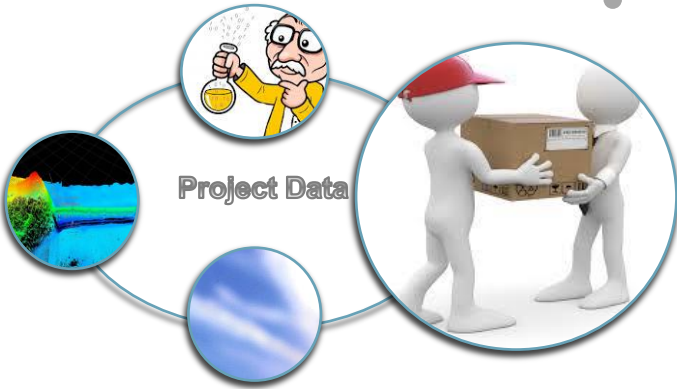
# Understanding the Lifecycle of Data



- Interpretation Considerations
  - Extraction of Information From Data
  - Adequate Software
  - Adequate Storage Space
  - Tools for Export and Analysis



# Understanding the Lifecycle of Data



- Data Delivery Considerations
  - Industry Standard Formats
  - Manageable Size
  - Data Product Friendly
  - Shelf vs. Digital Life

# Data Lifecycle Shortfalls

- It's Easy to Bolt Things to an AUV Now!
- Data Processing Packages Are Robust
- *Interpretation and Data Delivery Need Innovation*



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# Dealing With Data



# Case Study: Cathx Laser Photogrammetry System

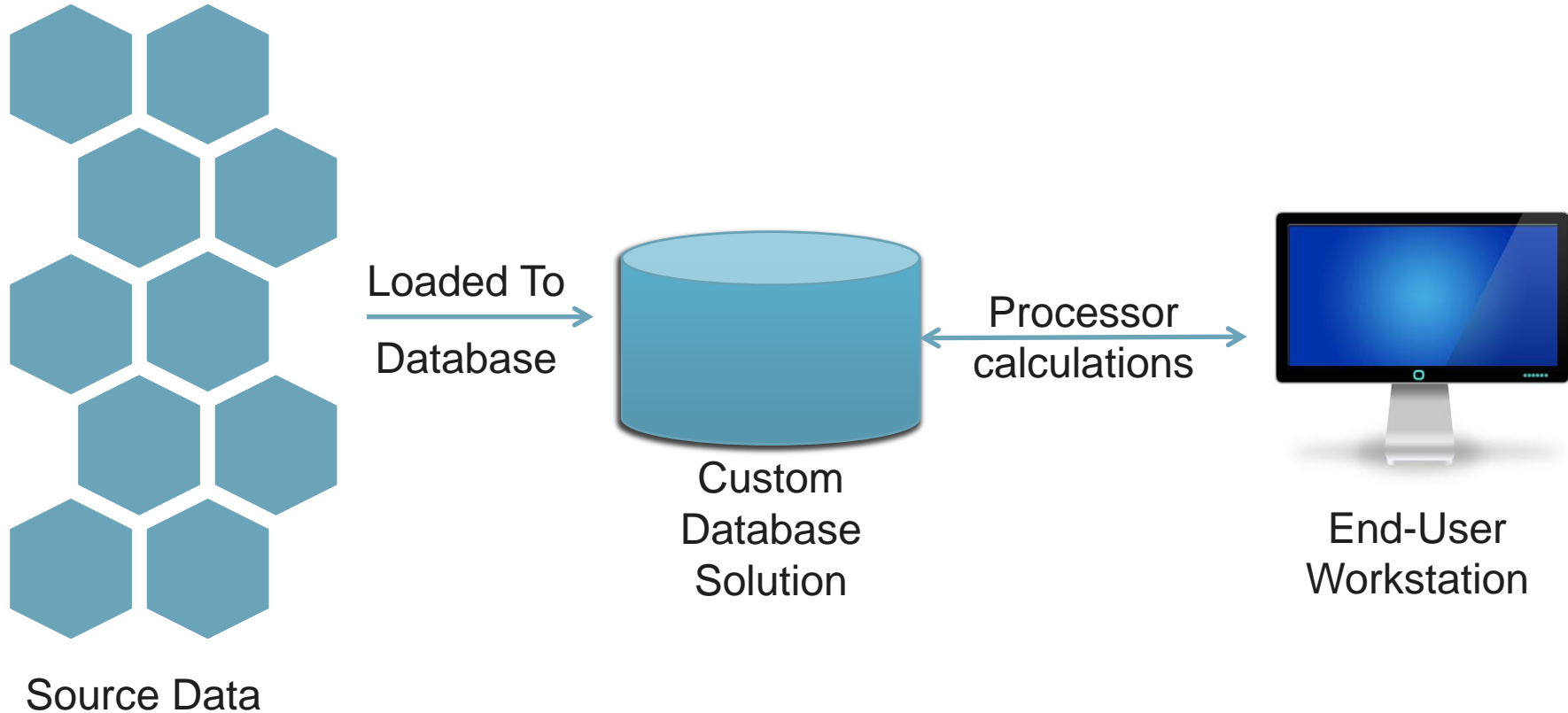
- Generates High Resolution Photmosaics & Laser 'Microbathymetry' at 1mm resolution
- Data volume of > 20GB on 300km pipeline route and 300m corridor
- How do we interpret it?
- How do we deliver it?



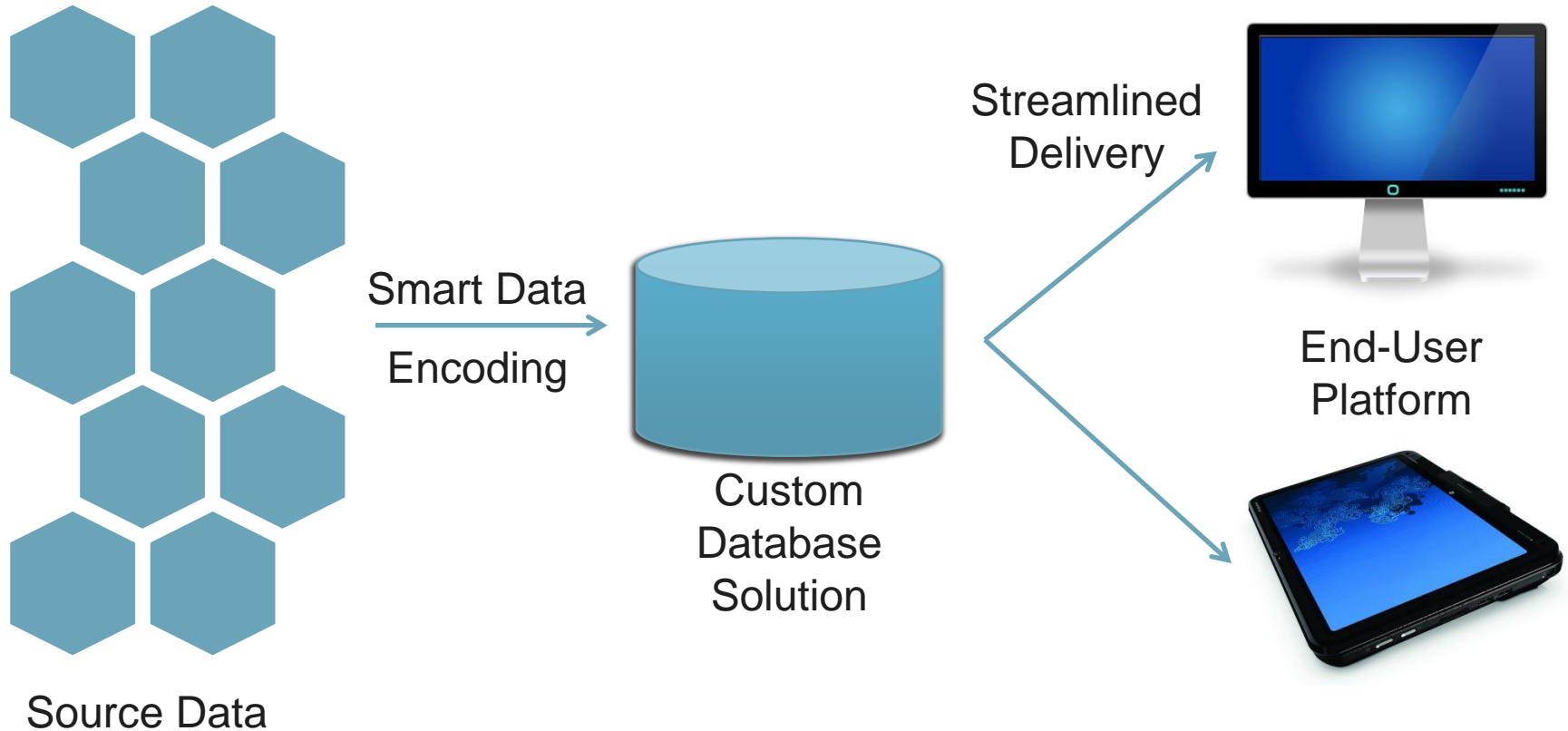
# Management of Enormous Datasets

- De-Couple Hardware and Software
- Increase Flexibility & Accessibility
- Concentrate on Flow of Information
- Machine Independent 32bit Raster Storage and Delivery
- Workstations No Longer Required!

# Old Workflow



# New Workflow



# Real World Testing



Test: High Resolution Sat Imagery along a 11,294km Pipeline & Floating Point Bathy in GoM

- 11,891 Loaded GeoTIFFs
- 0.3m – 1m resolution
- 254GB Disk Space

Proxy: AUV Pipeline Inspection

- 55,000km @ 25cm Resolution (Downsampled, Legacy Data)
- 300km @ 0.5cm Resolution (New Process)

Delivery Platform: Custom WMS

- Standard Data Processing Computer
- Data Streamed via Custom, Local WMS (*Web Map Service*) instance from 2TB External Drive
  - Connected via standard USB (Not USB3.0)
  - Loaded as ArcGIS WMS Layer



# Methodology & Results

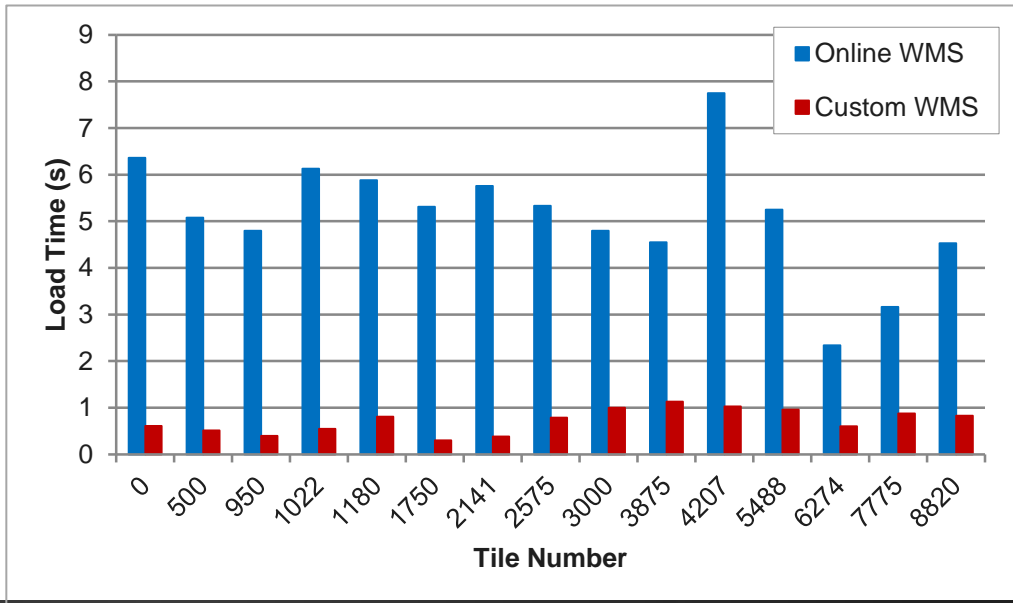
## Load Complete Dataset to Workspace

- Modeled Task: Project Loading To Begin Work
- WMS Solution  $\approx 10^2$  Faster than Local GDB

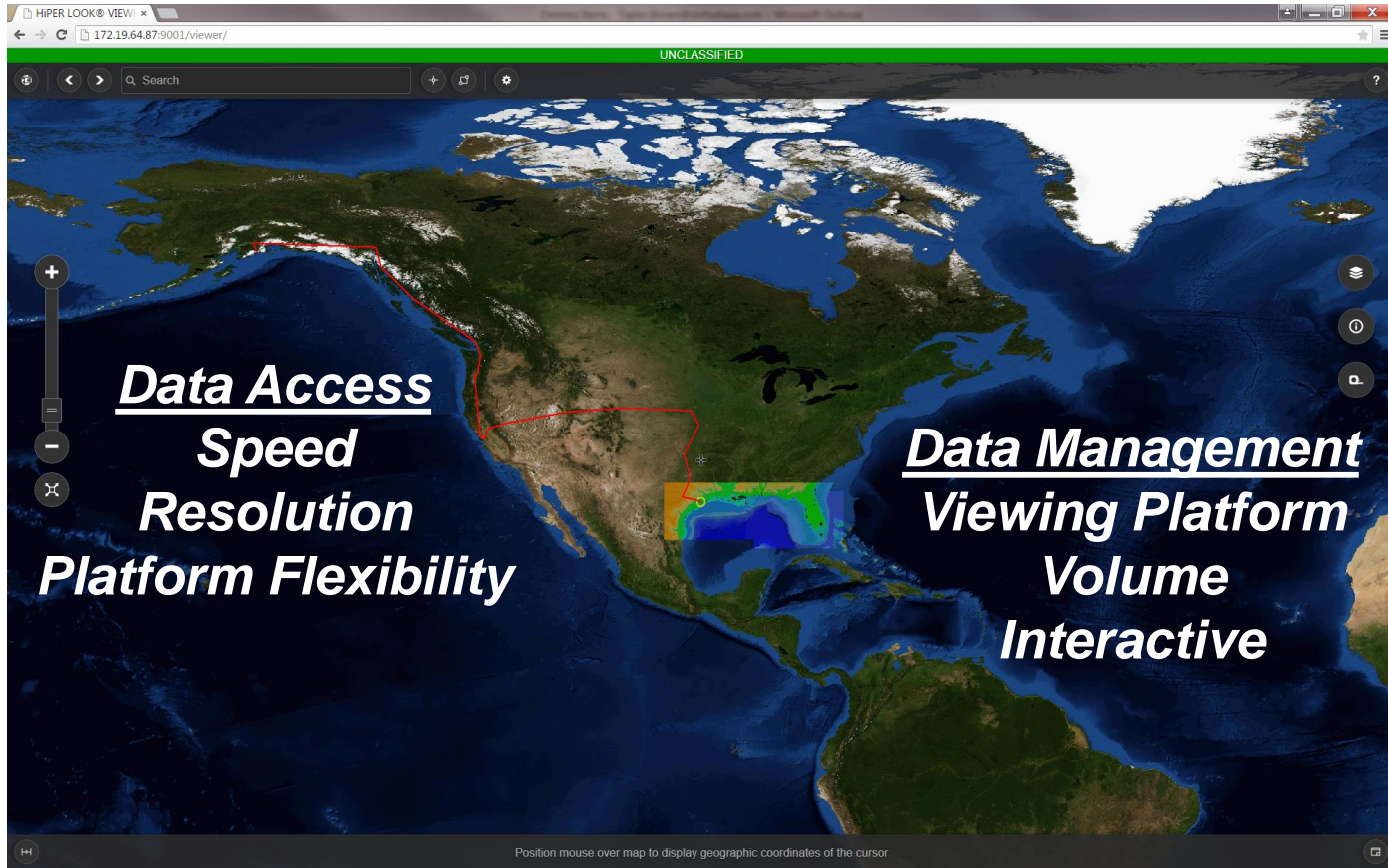
Dataset	Complete Load Time
Managed Raster Catalog (File Geodatabase)	>15 min
Public Domain Online WMS	9.26s
Custom WMS	1.08s

## Load Individual Tiles

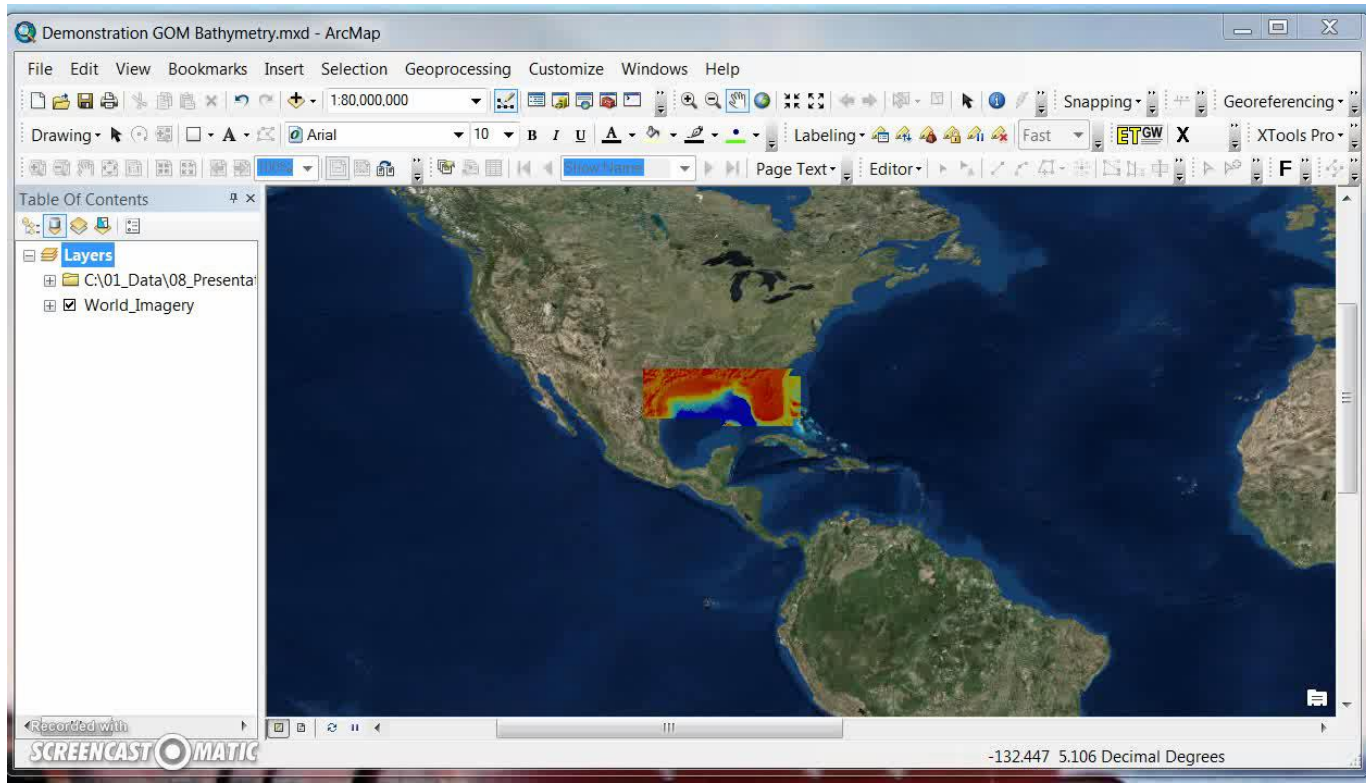
- Modeled Task: Zoom to AOI
- >7x Faster from Custom WMS
  - Online Avg = 5.14s
  - Local WMS Avg = 0.72s



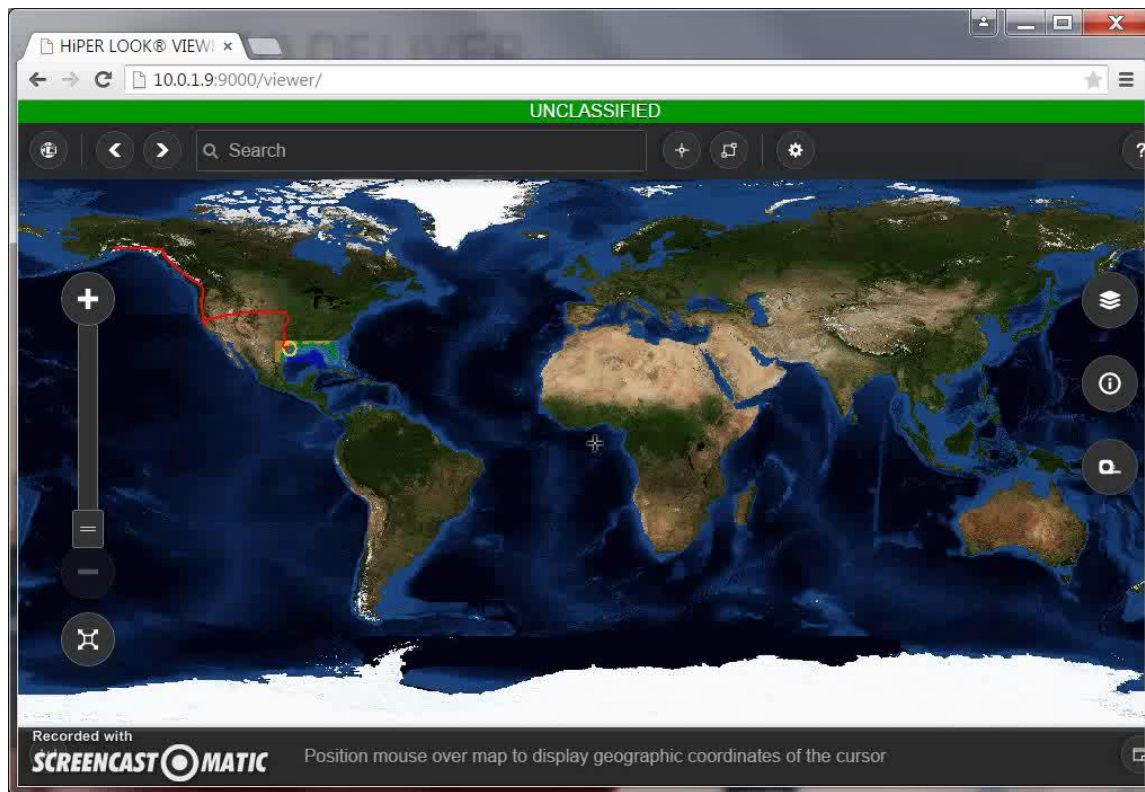
# Demonstration



# The Old (current) Way of Working With Data

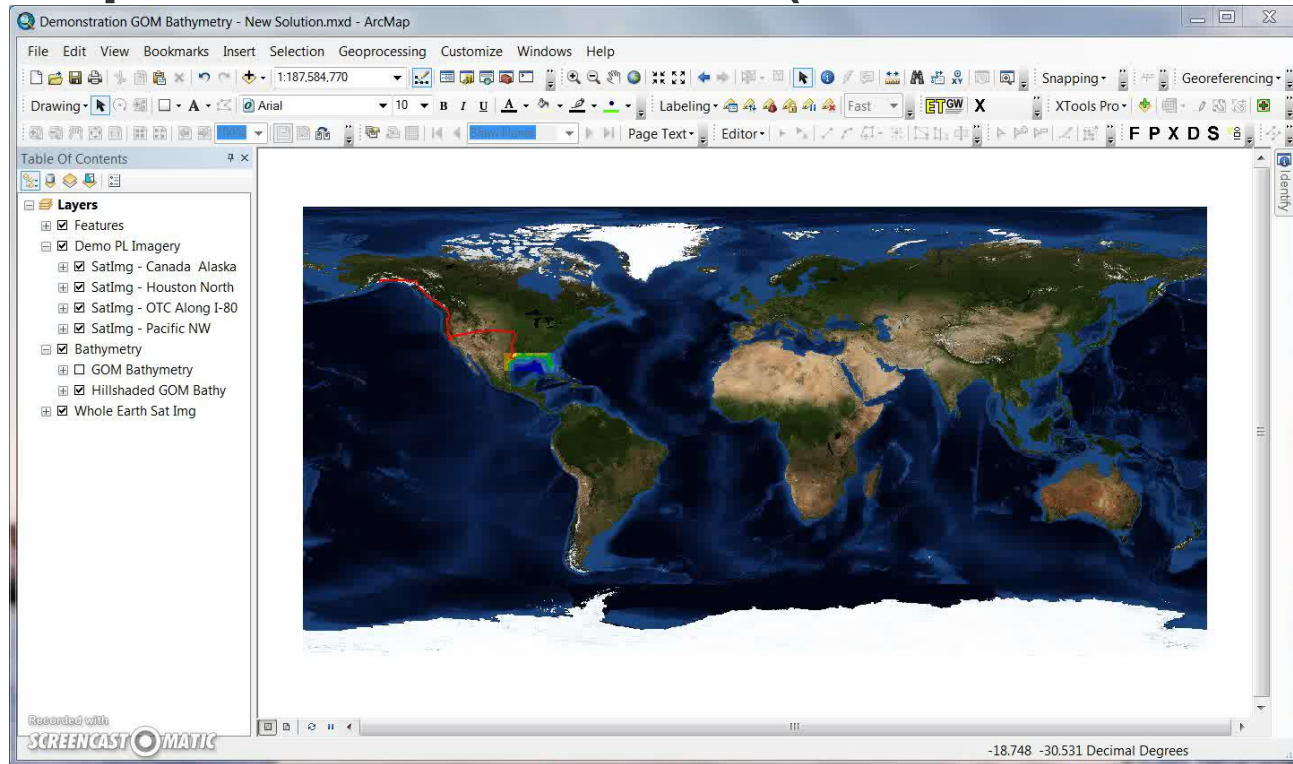


# Our Proposed Method (Outside of ArcGIS)





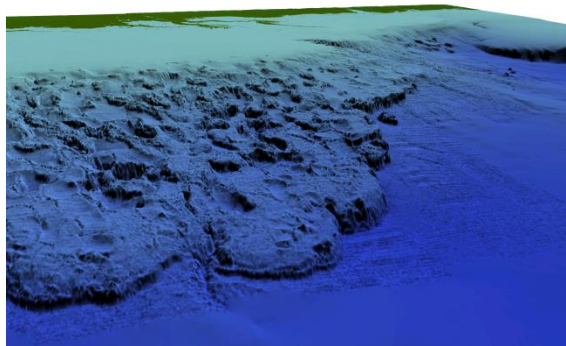
# Our Proposed Method (Inside ArcGIS)



# Hardware De-Coupled Accessible Data

*Increased Data Accessibility Makes Any Device  
A Complete Technical Workstation*

IMMR & Seabed Data



**End Users**

Subsea Engineers  
Geologists  
Project Managers  
Subcontractors

Wrap Up



# In Summary

- Let the Software Do The Work of Legacy Hardware
- Data Adoption == Data Accessibility
- Data Downsampling Not Required Anymore
- Relentlessly Pursue Resolution In Smarter Ways
- It's About The End Product – Not The Sensor Integration!



# Questions?

