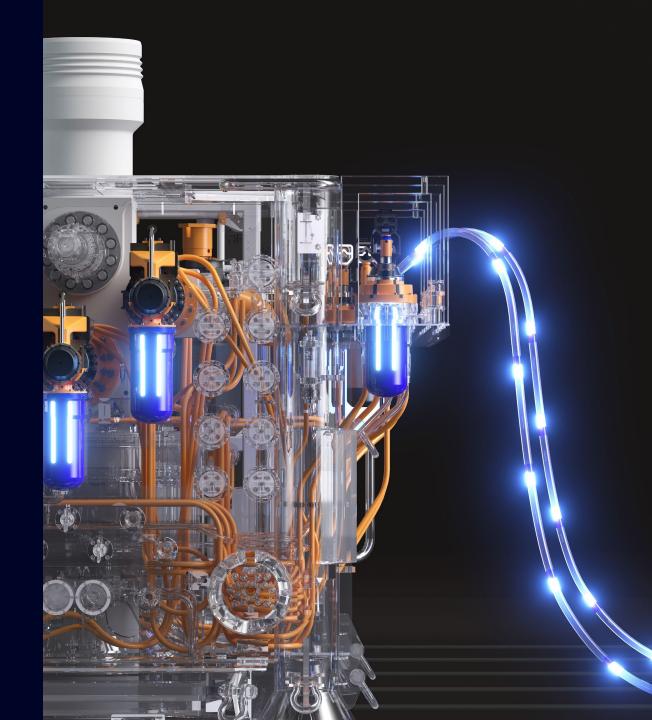


Revolutionizing Offshore CCS Innovations in logistics and energy integration



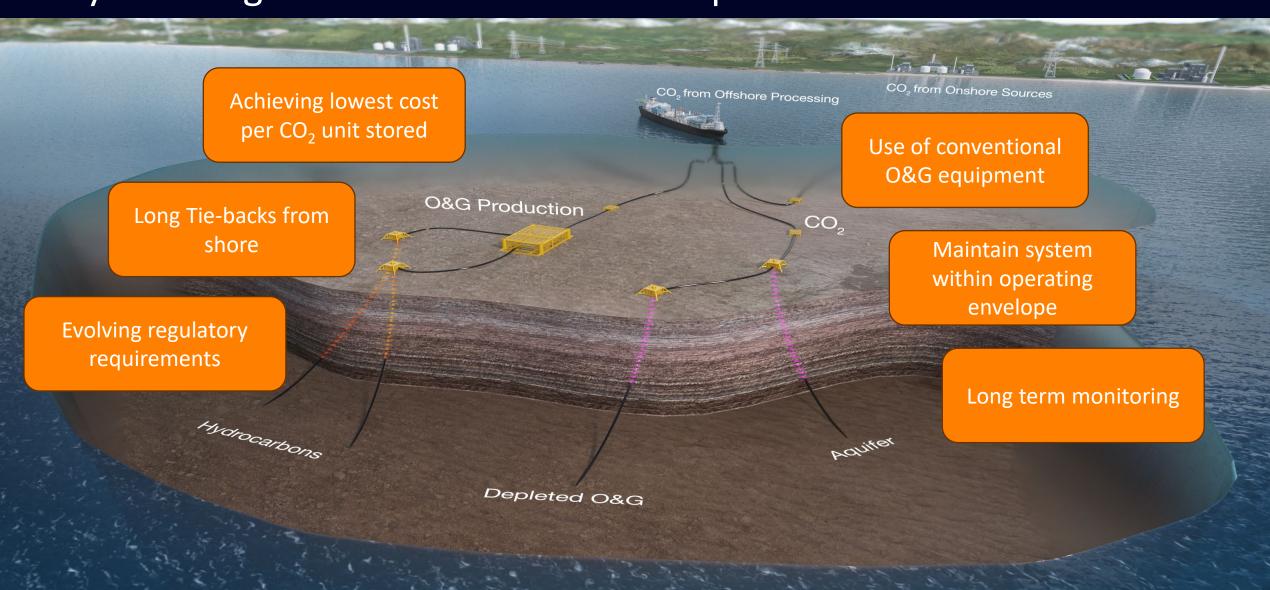
Agenda

- 1. Key Challenges
- 2. Subsea CCS -Technology Overview
- 3. Q&A





Key Challenges of Offshore CCS Developments





Ensuring phase stability and safety in the transportation and injection of CO₂ over long distances, maintaining operational efficiency and environmental integrity. Satellite p OneSubsea Subsea Live 👌 SLB OLGA™ Flow assurance **♦** CO₂ phase orchestration X CO₂ capture plant CO₂ Offloading Vessel Power Battery Offshore buoy ∆ systems A offloading system Δ Riser System ∆ Corrosion Resistant Pipeline Material Electric XT (Electric choke (Offshore Battery/ Subsea hydraulic Electrical feedthrough turbine ∧ power unit () •••• system (CO₂ injection Fiber optic Pump System ∆ feedthrough system Passive Heating ∆ system I²S - Integrated AUV docking station Temporary chemical injection injection system A Power/FO Cable Industrial emitters Low carbon energy, blue hydrogen Fiber optic Hydraulic and ammonia completion sensing system 💢 Aguifer or depleted reservoir for CO2 storage Ongoing A Future X

Subsea All-Electric Tree System





- Qualified for CO2 service
- JIP executed with several partners
- Based on field proven XT platform
- Interfaces with hydraulic completion via sHPU



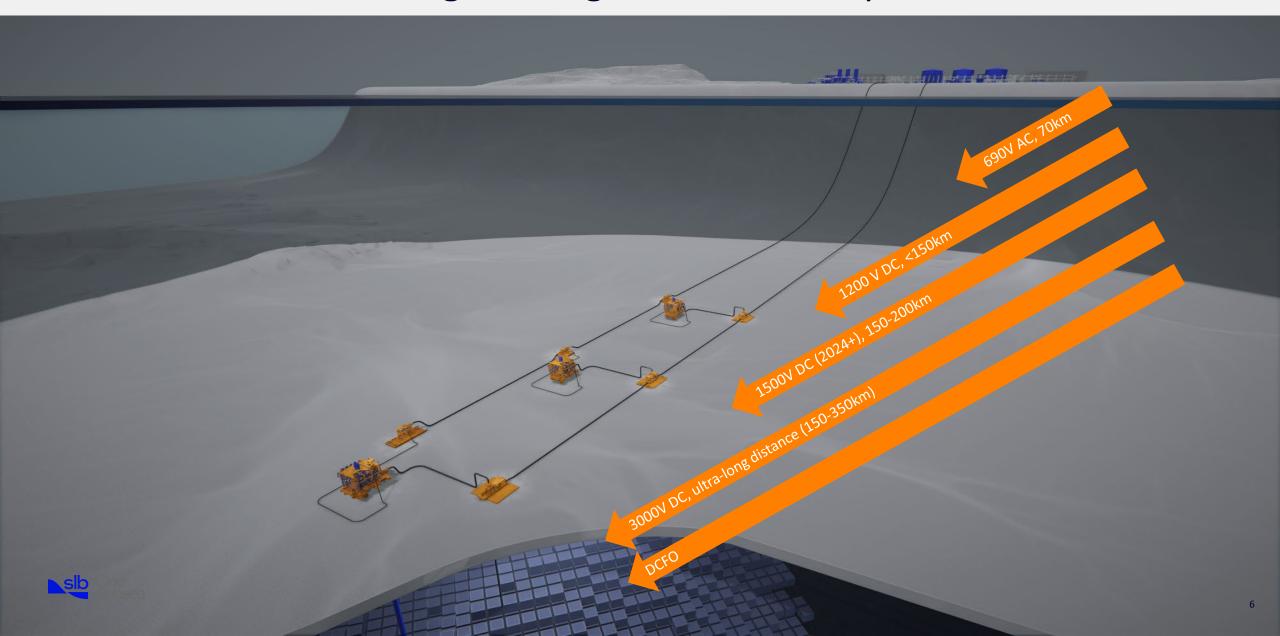
- Reduction of Umbilical cross section
- Reduction of topside space by up to 70%
- Elimination of hydraulic fluid (environmental impact & OPEX)
- Faster response and start-up
- Flexible Power and Communication interfaces (AC, DC, FO)



- Electrohydraulic CCS Tree version installed in Northern Lights Ph1
- All Electric Tree system available, qualified for CCS TRL 5
- Ongoing All Electric Tree design simplification for CCS
- First All Electric Tree project announced Fram Sør

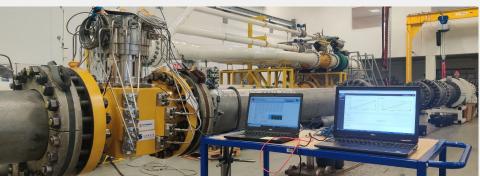


Power Distribution - High level guideline for step-out distances



Ultrasonic Flowmeter



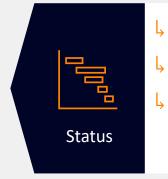




- Provide safe and controlled injection of CO₂ by providing nonintrusive means of flow measurement subsea
- Can also be used for fiscal metering and leak detection
- Operators actively engaged during development



- Early detection of critical change in flow conditions
- Provides precise adjustment of CO2 injection across multi-well injection system
- Enabler for automated choke control
- Very large measurement range; turndown > 100:1



- Tested according to ISO 17089-1 and OIML R137
- Flow test with supercritical CO2 planned in Nov/Dec 2024
- Technology being screened as part of various FEED studies



Wave Power Buoy System







- Integrated wave power generation and power management
- Enable future umbilical-less system architectures
- Provide platform for surface communications gateways



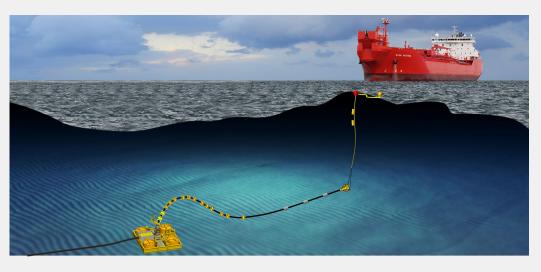
- Enable early integration of renewable power sources for offshore subsea systems, while de-risking future project execution
- Unlock hybrid power solutions to de-risk umbilical-less systems
- Attractive for subsea CCS, and long-distance tie-backs



- Several field test successfully executed
- Actively collaborating with C-Power, Mocean Energy and others to ensure technical interfaces are matured
 - Further studies for integrated all-electric & SCSI system ongoing



Remote CO₂ Offloading System





- Early access to CO2 injection wells without pipeline lay
- Direct transport to storage site
- Provides direct transportation from various CO₂ sources to injection field, flexibly adjusting to demand



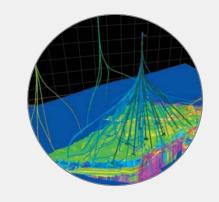
- Eliminates the need for construction of expensive flow lines, reducing capital expenditure
- Provides rapid adjustment to international policy changes
- Lemissions of vessel are small % of total CO₂ stored



- Based on previously delivered submerged loading system technology
- Concept outlined in IOGP 665 guideline
 - Ongoing study in Norway



Integration of FO Distributed Sensing in Subsea System





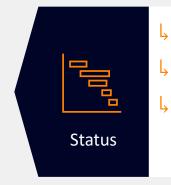




- Meet CCS MMV requirements
- Validate the CO2 stays in place
- Build confidence in storage volume
- Verify Injection in real-time



- Enable integration of FO for seismic applications into the subsea infrastructure
- Borehole and seabed seismic applications
- Savings in seismic campaigns
- Legislation Enable continuous reservoir monitoring

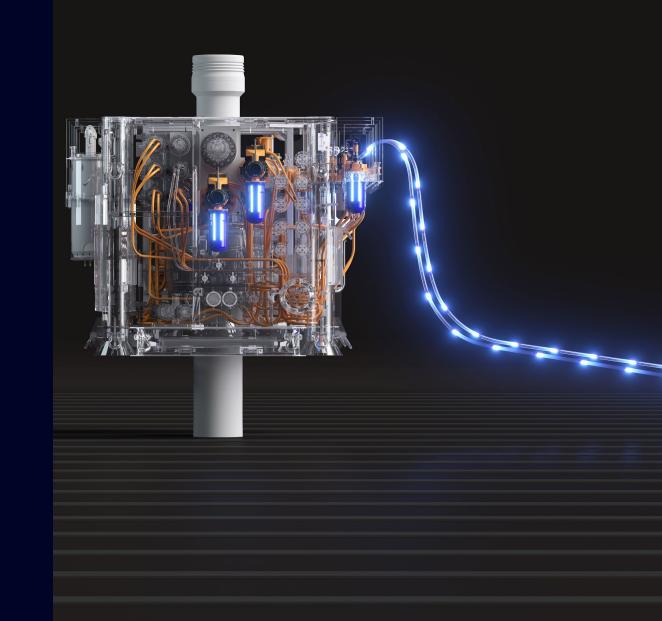


- Active collaboration with SLB reservoir, completions and digital teams
- Optical Feedthrough System and Subsea Optical Amplifier
- Ongoing studies and projects integrating FO DAS/DTS in subsea production and CCS systems



Summary

- CCS projects best candidates for All-Electric System:
 - No chemicals
 - L Enhanced flow control
 - Cost reduction vs electrohydraulic
- Need for further CO2 injection tree simplification
- Options for ultra long-distance P&C
- Ultrasonic Meter advantages in CCS
- Alternative energy sources and offloading
- Integration with reservoir and plant





Thank you.

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